

TOWN OF CONSTANTIA
MINUTES –TOWN BOARD – December 20, 2022
7:30 pm Constantia Town Hall

Present: Frank Tomaino - Supervisor
Ronald Chapman, Richard Colesante, John Metzger – Council Members
Clare Haynes – Town Clerk
Wayne Woolridge – Highway Superintendent
Warren Bader - Town Attorney
Dustin Clark, David Powers – Barton & Loguidice
Paul Baxter – Tug Hill Commission

Absent: Thomas Moran – Council Member

CALL TO ORDER:

At 7:30 pm Mr. Tomaino called the town board meeting to order with the pledge of allegiance.

PUBLIC COMMENT:

Mr. Schwartz wanted to commend the highway department on what a great job they did with the recent storm. Mr. Woolridge thanked Mr. Schwartz and will pass the comment on.

WASTEWATER/WATER:

Mr. Clark and Mr. Powers were at the meeting and handed out the following report, information in bold is the most up to date:

Constantia North Shore Sewer Project

A. WWTP Scope:

- Recent Work Completed
 - ✓ Additional survey completed for DEC Climate Risk & Resiliency Act (CRRA) requirements.
 - ✓ Negotiated subconsultant design proposal fees.
 - ✓ **Submitted response to DEC regarding NY-2A application on December 16, 2022.**
 - ✓ **Value Engineering Efforts to reduce WWTP Construction Cost**
- Current Status:
 - Continue developing 50% plans and specifications.
- Future steps:
 - Execute agreements with subconsultants.
 - **Review 50% plans and value engineering with Village of Cleveland.**
 - **Submit 50% plans to DEC and funding agencies for review**
 - **Review plans with Contractors for feedback and pricing**

B. Grinder Pump Scope:

- Recent Work Completed
 - ✓ Inspection letters have been sent to a total of 491 properties.
 - ✓ **364/491 home inspections complete to date.**
 - ✓ **282 easements have been fully signed and executed by the Town.**
- Current Status:
 - **Home inspections are on pause until March, weather dependent.**
 - Continue sending easements in batches of 15 to Town for signature and filing
 - Developing plans and specifications
- Future steps:
 - **Consider standardization and pre-purchase Agreement for Grinder Pumps.**
 - **Review plans with Contractors for feedback and pricing**

C. Forcemain and Pump Station Scope:

- Recent Work Completed
 - ✓ Contacted DOT for feedback on preliminary layout.
 - ✓ **Meeting with E-One regarding forcemain sizing for new alignment.**
- Current Status:
 - Progressing force main alignment and profiles for agency review set.
- Future steps:
 - Submit agency review set to formally begin review process.
 - **Review plans with Contractors for feedback and pricing.**

D. Funding and Other Items:

- Recent Work Completed
 - ✓ **CDBG Awarded on November 16, 2022 for max \$1,250,000.**
- Current Status:
 - Coordinating visit to Environment One grinder pump manufacturing facility for Town.
 - Review of DEC Model Sewer Use Law is ongoing.
 - **Reviewing subconsultant proposals and value engineering.**
- Future steps:
 - CFA Funding announcements tentatively expected December 2022.

- **Coordination with Bond counsel for increase bond resolution.**
- **CDBG Grant Agreement (Fiscal Advisors).**
- **WQIP Grant Announcements.**
- **EFC Coordination for BIL eligibility (grant and additional 0% loan).**
- **USDA Rural Development request.**
- **Claudia Tenney support for funding efforts and possible 2023 CPF.**

Still waiting on more grant announcements, Governor Hochul seems to be announcing them one at a time. Mr. Tomaino wanted to announce that the project did receive \$1.25M Community Development Block Grant on November 10th.

As Mr. Clark has told the board in the past there are other grant opportunities, once available B&L will keep applying. Congresswoman Tenney just announced 14 projects from last year that will be receiving funding. This project will need her support, Mr. Tomaino will be happy to make a trip to speak with Ms. Tenney to bring her up to speed on the project.

Discussion turned to the bond resolution that will need to be completed, Mr. Bader will need to reach out to Mr. Goodfriend for the proper steps. The original project was \$39M, this needs to be increased to \$49.8M, this will allow the project to qualify for more grant possibilities.

Mr. Powers would like to reach out to EFC to shift some of the RD Loan to a hardship loan, originally only \$20M could be hardship, with the new funding guidelines this can be increased to \$25M, It does not sound like much but \$5M at zero percent can make a big difference. Mr. Powers and Mr. Tomaino will need to get together to call the EFC.

MINUTES:

Mr. Chapman made the motion to accept the minutes of the November 7th supervisor meeting, November 10th budget public hearing, November 15th town board meeting, December 5th supervisor meeting, seconded by Mr. Colesante.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino - Yes

VOUCHERS:

Mr. Metzger made the motion to accept the following vouchers as listed on Abstract #12 Dated December 20, 2022:

General	391-442	\$ 23,908.32
Highway	220-239	\$ 33,956.44
Sewer	59-65	\$124,402.24
American Rescue Plan Act	4-5	\$ 17,811.81

Seconded by Mr. Chapman.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

SUPERVISOR:

Mr. Chapman made the motion to authorize highway fund budget transfer #1:

Account over budget: DB5110.4 Gen Repairs CE \$2,511.91, Transfer \$2,511.91 from Unrestricted Fund Balance. And, general fund budget transfer #4,

Accounts over budget: A5182.4 Street Lighting CE \$1,027.23, and A9030.82 Medicare \$321.13, transfer \$1,348.36 from A1990.4 Contingency.

Seconded by Mr. Metzger.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

Mr. Chapman made the motion to approve the supervisor’s report dated November 30, 2022, seconded by Mr. Colesante.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

HIGHWAY:

Mr. Woolridge reported:

- Plows trucks are running well
- New truck will be here after the 1st of the year
- With the wind there has been a lot of tree cleanup
- They have used the new hot box it is working out well
- Mr. Woolridge would like to get information together to install sprinklers at the highway department with the latest municipal garages catching on fire, it would be beneficial to start working towards installation.

Mr. Woolridge would like authorization to put a bid on a vac truck that is on the Auctions International website. The vac truck is in Mass, a 4-hour drive, if the board is acceptable Mr. Woolridge would go and look at the truck. It is a 2007 Sterling that has a sewer jet and the vac options. This truck will be used for catch basins and to clean out culverts. It would be useful to the sewer district also. Mr. Woolridge would use the money the board set aside

for the highway fund to use out of the ARPA money. Mr. Metzger asked if this type of equipment is a valid purchase under the guidelines of the ARPA funds. Mr. Tomaino will reach out to The Labarge Group to verify if equipment falls under the guidelines. Mr. Chapman made the motion to authorize Mr. Woolridge to spend up to \$35,000 on the 2007 Sterling Sewer Jet/Vac truck after Mr. Tomaino verifies guidelines with Labarge Group, seconded by Mr. Colesante.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

Mr. Metzger made the motion to accept the highway superintendent’s report as given, seconded by Mr. Colesante.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

APPROVAL OF DEPARTMENT REPORTS:

Mr. Chapman made the motion to accept the following reports as received for November, seconded by Mr. Metzger.

- a. Justice Pelon and Justice Simpson
- b. Town Clerk
- c. Code Enforcement

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes

Mr. Tomaino wanted it noted that no dog report was submitted by Ms. Ashley.

CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICE:

Mr. Hamacher and Mr. Dolan were at the meeting to discuss the five properties that were given to the board before the meeting. Mr. Hamacher would like to know what the board would like to do with the properties. The next step would be to bring the owners to court. The Sheriff’s Department will hand deliver the tickets at no extra cost, it will then be up to the Judge.

Mr. Metzger asked about the church on the corner, there are concerns with the steeple. Mr. Hamacher has put signs on the building, but the signs keep disappearing. With this property and 1418 St Rt 49 Mr. Hamacher has called for an engineering report. 1418 St Rt 49, the owner is deceased, the back taxes have been paid but there has been no change in ownership. There are two additional properties on Dutcherville Rd and one on North St. The board would like to move forward with two of the properties, Mr. Hamacher will pick two of the five submitted.

TUG HILL COMMISSION:

Mr. Baxter submitted the following report:

- The North Shore Council of Governments met yesterday at 2:00 p.m., at the Constantia town hall. Items covered included finances, purchase of supplies, the North Shore traffic study, a possible North Shore economic development study as first discussed at the last meeting in July, and approval of sponsorship of the 2023 Local Government Conference. The next meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, January 10, 2023 at 2:00 p.m. at the Constantia town hall. Minutes of the December meeting will be available soon.
- Related: once a year, all the chairs of the area Councils of Governments meet with the Tug Hill Commission for a briefing on the Commission’s activity in the past year, what the Commission sees coming up in the year ahead, and what the Tug Hill towns and villages can identify as needs and concerns in the new year. If you have any priorities for Constantia in the next year that Tug Hill can help with, let NorCOG chair Rip Colesante know so he can share them with the group at their meeting at the end of January 2023.
- The mailing by Tug Hill for the next Local Government Conference, at Turning Stone Resort and Conference Center on Thursday, April 6, 2023, with an optional afternoon session and evening reception on Wednesday, April 5, has been mailed and is arriving in local mailboxes. Let me know if you didn’t get one and need a copy.

CORRESPONDENCE:

Letter received from Justice Pelon and Justice Simpson as per Uniform Justice Court Act 2019-a both Justices’ records are ready for audit.

LOCAL LAW G-2022:

**TOWN OF CONSTANTIA
TOWN BOARD RESOLUTION**

December 20, 2022

Local Law No. G-2022

(“A Local Law Updating the Code Enforcement Program In the Town of Constantia”)

The following resolution was offered by Councilor Colesante, who moved its adoption, seconded by Councilor Chapman, to wit:

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Law, a proposed local law titled Local Law No. G-2022, “A Local Law Updating the Code Enforcement Program In the Town of Constantia,” was presented and introduced at a regular meeting of the Town Board of the Town of Constantia held on November 15, 2022; and

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held on such proposed local law on this 20 day of December 2022, by the Town Board of the Town of Constantia and proof of publication of notice of such public hearing, as required by law, having been submitted and filed, and all persons desiring to be heard in connection with said proposed local law having been heard, and said proposed local law having been in the possession of the members of the Town Board of the Town of Constantia in its final form in the manner required by Section 20 of the Municipal Home Rule of the State of New York; and

WHEREAS, the enactment of Local Law No. G-2022 has previously been determined to be a Type II action and will have no significant effect on the environment thus concluding the SEQR review process; and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest to enact said Local Law No. G-2022.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is

RESOLVED, that the Town Board of the Town of Constantia, Oswego County, New York, does hereby enact Local Law No. G-2022 as Local Law No. 7-2022 as follows:

**“TOWN OF CONSTANTIA
LOCAL LAW NO. 7 OF 2022**

**A LOCAL LAW UPDATING THE CODE ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM IN THE TOWN OF
CONSTANTIA**

Be it enacted by the Town Board of the Town of Constantia as follows:

SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

This local law provides for the administration and enforcement of the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code (the Uniform Code) and the State Energy Conservation Construction Code (the Energy Code) in the Town of Constantia. This law is designed to repeal the existing Code Enforcement Program within the Town of Constantia and replace it with a Code Enforcement Program in compliance with the State’s most recent regulations.

Except as otherwise provided in the Uniform Code, the Energy Code other state law, or other section of this local law, all buildings, structures, and premises, regardless of use or occupancy, are subject to the provisions this local law.

SECTION 2. AUTHORITY

This local law is adopted pursuant to section 10 of the Municipal Home Rule Law.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT TO THE LAWS OF THE TOWN OF CONSTANTIA

The Laws of the Town of Constantia are hereby amended to repeal the existing Article 15 of Local Law 2-2013 (as amended by Local Law 1-2014, Local Law 4-2019, Local Law 1-2020) in its entirety and replace it with the following, Local Law 7-2022, which shall read in its entirety as follows:

“ARTICLE 15. ADMINISTRATION

Section 1500. Definitions

In this local law, the following terms shall have the meanings shown in this section:

“Assembly Area” shall mean an area in any building, or in any portion of a building, that is primarily used or intended to be used for gathering fifty or more persons for uses including, but not limited to, amusement, athletic, entertainment, social, or other recreational functions; patriotic, political, civic, educational, or religious functions; food or drink consumption; awaiting transportation; or similar purposes.

“Building Permit” shall mean a building permit, construction permit, demolition permit, or other permit that authorizes the performance of work. The term “Building Permit” shall also include a Building Permit which is renewed, amended, or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

“Certificate of Compliance” shall mean a document issued by the Town of Constantia stating that work was done in compliance with approved construction documents and the Codes.

“Certificate of Occupancy” shall mean a document issued by the Town of Constantia certifying that the building or structure, or portion thereof, complies with the approved construction documents that have been submitted to, and approved by the Town of Constantia and indicating that the building or structure, or portion thereof, is in a condition suitable for occupancy.

“Code Enforcement Officer” shall mean the Code Enforcement Officer appointed pursuant to section 1501 of this local law.

“Code Enforcement Personnel” shall include the Code Enforcement Officer and all Inspectors.

“Codes” shall mean the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

“Energy Code” shall mean the New York State Energy Conservation Construction Code adopted pursuant to Article 11 of the Energy Law.

“FCNYS” shall mean the 2020 Fire Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1225.

“Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspection” shall mean an inspection performed to determine compliance with the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1225 and the publications incorporated therein by reference and the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1226 and the publications incorporated therein by reference.

“Hazardous Production Materials” shall mean a solid, liquid, or gas associated with semiconductor manufacturing that has a degree-of-hazard rating in health, flammability, or instability of Class 3 or 4, as ranked by NFPA 704 (Standard Systems for Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response), and which is used directly in research, laboratory, or production processes which have, as their end product, materials that are not hazardous.

“Inspector” shall mean an inspector appointed pursuant to section 1501 of this local law.

“Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles” shall mean vehicles that contain cooking equipment that produces smoke or grease-laden vapors for the purpose of preparing and serving food to the public. Vehicles intended for private recreation shall not be considered mobile food preparation vehicles.

“Operating Permit” shall mean a permit issued pursuant to section 1508 of this local law. The term “Operating Permit” shall also include an Operating Permit which is renewed, amended, or extended pursuant to any provision of this local law.

“Order to Remedy” shall mean an order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 1515 of this local law.

“Permit Holder” shall mean the Person to whom a Building Permit has been issued.

“Person” shall include an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, business trust, estate, trust, association, or any other legal or commercial entity of any kind or description.

“PMCNYS” shall mean the 2020 Property Maintenance Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1226.

“RCNYS” shall mean the 2020 Residential Code of New York State as currently incorporated by reference in 19 NYCRR Part 1220.

“Repair” shall mean the reconstruction, replacement, or renewal of any part of an existing building for the purpose of its maintenance or to correct damage.

“Stop Work Order” shall mean an order issued pursuant to section 1504 of this local law.

“Sugarhouse” shall mean a building used, in whole or in part, for the collection, storage, or processing of maple sap into maple syrup and/or maple sugar.

“Temporary Certificate of Occupancy” shall mean a certificate issued pursuant to section 1505 of this local law.

“Town” shall mean the Town of Constantia.

“Uniform Code” shall mean the New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code, Subchapter A of Chapter XXXIII of Title 19 of the NYCRR, adopted pursuant to Article 18 of the Executive Law.

Section 1501. Code Enforcement Officers and Inspectors

(a) The Office of Code Enforcement Officer is hereby created. The Code Enforcement Officer shall administer and enforce all the provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, and this local law. The Code Enforcement Officer shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) to receive, review, and approve or disapprove applications for Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits, and the plans, specifications, and construction documents submitted with such applications;

(2) upon approval of such applications, to issue Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits, and to include in terms and conditions as the Code Enforcement Officer may determine to be appropriate Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits;

(3) to conduct construction inspections; inspections to be made prior to the issuance of Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates of Occupancy, and Operating Permits; fire safety and property maintenance inspections; inspections incidental to the investigation of complaints; and all other inspections required or permitted under any provision of this local law;

(4) to issue Stop Work Orders;

(5) to review and investigate complaints;

(6) to issue orders pursuant to subdivision (a) of section 1515 (Violations) of this local law;

(7) to maintain records;

(8) to collect fees as set by the Town Board of this Town;

- (9) to pursue administrative enforcement actions and proceedings;
- (10) in consultation with this Town's attorney, to pursue such legal actions and proceedings as may be necessary to enforce the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, and this local law, or to abate or correct conditions not in compliance with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law; and
- (11) to exercise all other powers and fulfill all other duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.

(b) The Code Enforcement Officer shall be appointed by the Town Board. The Code Enforcement Officer shall possess background experience related to building construction or fire prevention and shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training, and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and the Code Enforcement Officer shall obtain certification from the Department of State pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

(c) In the event that the Code Enforcement Officer is unable to serve as such for any reason, another individual shall be appointed by Town Board to serve as Acting Code Enforcement Officer. The Acting Code Enforcement Officer shall, during the term of their appointment, exercise all powers and fulfill all duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law.

(d) One or more Inspectors may be appointed by the Town Board to act under the supervision and direction of the Code Enforcement Officer and to assist the Code Enforcement Officer in the exercise of the powers and fulfillment of the duties conferred upon the Code Enforcement Officer by this local law. Each Inspector shall, within the time prescribed by law, obtain such basic training, in-service training, advanced in-service training, and other training as the State of New York shall require for code enforcement personnel, and each Inspector shall obtain certification from the Department of State pursuant to the Executive Law and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

(e) The compensation for the Code Enforcement Officer and Inspectors shall be fixed from time to time by the Town Board of the Town.

Section 1502. Building Permits

(a) Building Permits Required. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b) this section, a Building Permit shall be required for any work must conform to the Uniform Code and/or Energy Code, including, but not limited to, the construction, enlargement, alteration, improvement, removal, relocation, or demolition of any building or structure or any portion thereof, and the installation of a solid fuel burning heating appliance, chimney, or flue in any dwelling unit. No person shall commence any work for which a Building Permit is required without first having obtained a Building Permit from the Town.

(b) Exemptions. No Building Permit shall be required for work in any of the following categories:

- (1) construction or installation of one-story detached structures associated with one- or two-family dwellings or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses), which are used for tool and storage sheds, playhouses, or similar uses, provided the gross floor area does not exceed 144 square feet;
- (2) construction of temporary sets and scenery associated with motion picture, television, and theater uses;
- (3) installation of window awnings supported by an exterior wall of a one- or two-family dwelling or multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses);
- (4) installation of partitions or movable cases less than 5'-9" in height;
- (5) painting, wallpapering, tiling, carpeting, or other similar finish work;
- (6) installation of listed portable electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilation or cooling equipment or appliances;
- (7) replacement of any equipment provided the replacement does not alter the equipment's listing or render it inconsistent with the equipment's original specifications; or
- (8) repairs, provided that the work does not have an impact on fire and life safety, such as (i) any part of the structural system; (ii) the required means of egress; or (iii) the fire protection system or the removal from service of any part of the fire protection system for any period of time.

(c) Exemption not deemed authorization to perform non-compliant work. The exemption from the requirement to obtain a building permit for work in any category set forth in subdivision (b) of this section shall not be deemed an authorization for work to be performed in violation of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code.

(d) Applications for Building Permits. Applications for a Building Permit shall be made in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer. The application shall be signed by the owner of the property where the work is to be performed or an authorized agent of the owner. The application shall include such information as the Code Enforcement Officer deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Code Enforcement Officer that the intended work complies with all applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code. The application shall include or be accompanied by the following information and documentation:

- (1) a description of the location, nature, extent, and scope of the proposed work;
- (2) the tax map number and the street address of any affected building or structure;
- (3) the occupancy classification of any affected building or structure;
- (4) where applicable, a statement of special inspections prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code; and
- (5) at least 2 sets of construction documents (drawings and/or specifications) which (i) describe the location, nature, extent, and scope of the proposed work; (ii) show that the proposed work will conform to the applicable provisions of the Codes; (iii) show the location, construction, size, and character of all

portions of the means of egress; (iv) show a representation of the building thermal envelope; (v) show structural information including but not limited to braced wall designs, the size, section, and relative locations of structural members, design loads, and other pertinent structural information; (vi) show the proposed structural, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, fire-protection, and other service systems of the building; (vii) include a written statement indicating compliance with the Energy Code; (viii) include a site plan, drawn to scale and drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary survey, showing the size and location of new construction and existing structures and appurtenances on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades, and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and (ix) evidence that the documents were prepared by a licensed and registered architect in accordance with Article 147 of the New York State Education Law or a licensed and registered professional engineer in accordance with Article 145 of the New York State Education Law and practice guidelines, including but not limited to the design professional's seal which clearly and legibly shows both the design professional's name and license number and is signed by the design professional whose name appears on the seal in such a manner that neither the name nor the number is obscured in any way, the design professional's registration expiration date, the design professional's firm name (if not a sole practitioner), and, if the documents are submitted by a professional engineering firm and not a sole practitioner professional engineer, the firm's Certificate of Authorization number.

(6) Applications requiring site plan review by the Planning Board shall be submitted in conformity with the provisions of Article 7 of the Town's Land Development Law.

(e) Construction documents. Construction documents will not be accepted as part of an application for a Building Permit unless they satisfy the requirements set forth in paragraph (5) of subdivision (d) of this section. Construction documents which are accepted as part of the application for a Building Permit shall be marked as accepted by the Code Enforcement Officer in writing or by stamp, or in the case of electronic media, an electronic marking. One set of the accepted construction documents shall be retained by the Code Enforcement Officer, and one set of the accepted construction documents shall be returned to the applicant to be kept at the work site so as to be available for use by the Code Enforcement Personnel. However, the return of a set of accepted construction documents to the applicant shall not be construed as authorization to commence work, nor as an indication that a Building Permit will be issued. Work shall not be commenced until and unless a Building Permit is issued.

(f) Issuance of Building Permits. An application for a Building Permit shall be examined to ascertain whether the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Building Permit if the proposed work is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code.

(g) Building Permits to be displayed. Building permits shall be visibly displayed at the work site and shall remain visible until the authorized work has been completed.

(h) Work to be in accordance with construction documents. All work shall be performed in accordance with the construction documents which were submitted with and accepted as part of the application for the Building Permit. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the Code Enforcement Officer of any change occurring during the course of the work. The Building Permit shall contain such a directive. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that such change warrants a new or amended Building Permit, such change shall not be made until and unless a new or amended Building Permit reflecting such change is issued.

(i) Time limits. Building Permits shall become invalid unless the authorized work is commenced within twelve (12) months following the date of issuance. Building Permits shall expire twelve (12) months after the date of issuance. A Building Permit which has become invalid or which has expired pursuant to this subdivision may be renewed upon application by the Permit Holder, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of the application by the Code Enforcement Officer.

(j) Revocation or suspension of Building Permits. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that a Building Permit was issued in error because of incorrect, inaccurate, or incomplete information, or that the work for which a Building Permit was issued violates the Uniform Code or the Energy Code, the Code Enforcement Officer shall revoke the Building Permit or suspend the Building Permit until such time as the Permit Holder demonstrates that (1) all work then completed is in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code and (2) all work then proposed to be performed shall be in compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code.

(k) Construction in a Town right of way. Permission is required to construct or improve an existing road cut (driveway) in a Town Highway Right of Way. Permission will be granted by the Town provided the project is in the town and public interest. Construction is regulated because of the potential for visual and safety impacts to motorists and pedestrians. Depending on the size and scope of the project the review process may vary considerably. Any project which requires the use of Town Highway Right of Way shall be brought to the attention of the Code Enforcement Officer prior to planning such project. Permit application and a required fee must be made thirty (30) days prior to start of construction

(l) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 1516 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Building Permit, for an amended Building Permit, or for renewal of a Building Permit.

Section 1503. Construction Inspections

(a) Work to remain accessible and exposed. Work shall remain accessible and exposed until inspected and accepted by the Code Enforcement Officer or by an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer. The Permit Holder shall notify the Code Enforcement Officer when any element of work described in subdivision (b) of this section is ready for inspection.

(b) Elements of work to be inspected. The following elements of the construction process shall be inspected, where applicable:

(1) work site prior to the issuance of a Building Permit;

- (2) footing and foundation;
- (3) preparation for concrete slab;
- (4) framing;
- (5) structural, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, fire-protection, and other similar service systems of the building;
- (6) fire resistant construction;
- (7) fire resistant penetrations;
- (8) solid fuel burning heating appliances, chimneys, flues, or gas vents;
- (9) inspections required to demonstrate Energy Code compliance, including but not limited to insulation, fenestration, air leakage, system controls, mechanical equipment size, and, where required, minimum fan efficiencies, programmable thermostats, energy recovery, whole-house ventilation, plumbing heat traps, and high-performance lighting and controls;
- (10) installation, connection, and assembly of factory manufactured buildings and manufactured homes; and
- (11) a final inspection after all work authorized by the Building Permit has been completed.

(c) Remote inspections. At the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized to perform construction inspections, a remote inspection may be performed in lieu of an in-person inspection when, in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or by such authorized Inspector that the elements of the construction process conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. Should a remote inspection not afford the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed.

(d) Inspection results. After inspection, the work or a portion thereof shall be noted as satisfactory as completed, or the Permit Holder shall be notified as to the manner in which the work fails to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code, including a citation to the specific code provision or provisions that have not been met. Work not in compliance with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code shall remain exposed until such work shall have been brought into compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code, reinspected, and found satisfactory as completed.

(e) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 1516 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time of each inspection performed pursuant to this section.

Section 1504. Stop Work Orders

(a) Authority to issue. The Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to issue Stop Work Orders pursuant to this section. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Stop Work Order to halt:

(1) any work that is determined by the Code Enforcement Officer to be contrary to any applicable provision of the Uniform Code or Energy Code, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or

(2) any work that is being conducted in a dangerous or unsafe manner in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer, without regard to whether such work is or is not work for which a Building Permit is required, and without regard to whether a Building Permit has or has not been issued for such work, or

(3) any work for which a Building Permit is required which is being performed without the required Building Permit, or under a Building Permit that has become invalid, has expired, or has been suspended or revoked.

(b) Content of Stop Work Orders. Stop Work Orders shall (1) be in writing, (2) be dated and signed by the Code Enforcement Officer, (3) state the reason or reasons for issuance, and (4) if applicable, state the conditions which must be satisfied before work will be permitted to resume.

(c) Service of Stop Work Orders. The Code Enforcement Officer shall cause the Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, to be served on the owner of the affected property (and, if the owner is not the Permit Holder, on the Permit Holder) personally or by certified mail. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted, but not required, to cause the Stop Work Order, or a copy thereof, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other Person taking part or assisting in work affected by the Stop Work Order, personally or by certified mail; provided, however, that failure to serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Stop Work Order.

(d) Effect of Stop Work Order. Upon the issuance of a Stop Work Order, the owner of the affected property, the Permit Holder, and any other Person performing, taking part in, or assisting in the work shall immediately cease all work which is the subject of the Stop Work Order, other than work expressly authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer to correct the reason for issuing the Stop Work Order.

(e) Remedy not exclusive. The issuance of a Stop Work Order shall not be the exclusive remedy available to address any event described in subdivision (a) of this section, and the authority to issue a Stop Work Order shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the right and authority to pursue any other remedy or impose any other penalty under section 1515 (Violations) of this local law or under any other applicable local law or State law. Any such other remedy or penalty may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, at the time of, or after the issuance of a Stop Work Order.

Section 1505. Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance

(a) Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance required. A Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance shall be required for any work which is the subject of a Building Permit and for all structures, buildings, or portions thereof, which are converted from one use or occupancy classification or

subclassification to another. Permission to use or occupy a building or structure, or portion thereof, for which a Building Permit was previously issued shall be granted only by issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance.

(b) Issuance of Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance. The Code Enforcement Officer shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance if the work which was the subject of the Building Permit was completed in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code and, if applicable, that the structure, building or portion thereof that was converted from one use or occupancy classification or subclassification to another complies with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and Energy Code. The Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer shall inspect the building, structure, or work prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance. In addition, where applicable, the following documents, prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Code by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer, at the expense of the applicant for the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance, shall be provided to the Code Enforcement Officer prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance:

- (1) a written statement of structural observations and/or a final report of special inspections,
- (2) flood hazard certifications,
- (3) a written statement of the results of tests performed to show compliance with the Energy Code, and
- (4) where applicable, the affixation of the appropriate seals, insignias, and manufacturer's data plates as required for factory manufactured buildings and/or manufactured homes.

(c) Contents of Certificates of Occupancy and Certificates of Compliance. A Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance shall contain the following information:

- (1) the Building Permit number, if any;
- (2) the date of issuance of the Building Permit, if any;
- (3) the name (if any), address and tax map number of the property;
- (4) if the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance is not applicable to an entire structure, a description of that portion of the structure for which the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance is issued;
- (5) the use and occupancy classification of the structure;
- (6) the type of construction of the structure;
- (7) the occupant load of the assembly areas in the structure, if any;
- (8) If the automatic sprinkler system is provided, a notation as to whether the sprinkler system is required;
- (9) any special conditions imposed in connection with the issuance of the Building Permit; and
- (10) the signature of the Code Enforcement Officer issuing the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Compliance and the date of issuance.

(d) Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted to issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy allowing the temporary occupancy of a building or structure, or a portion thereof, prior to completion of the work which is the subject of a Building Permit. However, in no event shall the Code Enforcement Officer issue a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy unless the Code Enforcement Officer determines (1) that the building or structure, or the portion thereof covered by the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy, may be occupied safely, (2) that any required fire and life safety components, such as fire protection equipment and fire, smoke, carbon monoxide, and heat detectors and alarms are installed and operational, and (3) that all required means of egress from the structure have been provided. The Code Enforcement Officer may include in a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy such terms and conditions as he or she deems necessary or appropriate to ensure the health and safety of the persons occupying and using the building or structure and/or performing further construction work in the building or structure. A Temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall be effective for a period of time, not to exceed six (6) months, which shall be determined by the Code Enforcement Officer and specified in the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. During the specified period of effectiveness of the Temporary Certificate of Occupancy, the Permit Holder shall undertake to bring the building or structure into full compliance with all applicable provisions of the Uniform Code and the Energy Code.

(e) Revocation or suspension of certificates. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that a Certificate of Occupancy, Certification of Compliance, or a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy was issued in error or on the basis of incorrect information, and if the relevant deficiencies are not corrected to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer within such period of time as shall be specified by the Code Enforcement Officer, the Code Enforcement Officer shall revoke or suspend such certificate.

(f) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 1516 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time of submission of an application for a Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, or for Temporary Certificate of Occupancy.

Section 1506. Notification Regarding Fire and Explosion

The chief of any fire department providing firefighting services for a property within this Town shall promptly notify the Code Enforcement Officer of any fire or explosion involving any structural damage, fuel burning appliance, chimney, or gas vent.

Section 1507. Unsafe Buildings, Structures, Equipment and Conditions Of Imminent Danger

Unsafe buildings, structures, and equipment and conditions of imminent danger in this Town shall be identified and addressed in accordance with the following procedures:

(a) Definitions. The following words and phrases, as used in this section, shall have the meanings hereinafter ascribed to them. All other words and phrases shall have the meanings normally ascribed to them.

(1) Board. The duly elected and constated Town Board of the Town of Constantia, or also "Town Board."

(2) Building. Any house, shed, fence, or other man-made structure, or part of any such house, shed, fence, or structure.

(3) Dangerous or Unsafe. Includes conditions of structures or buildings such as but not limited to the following:

(i) Those whose interior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity falls outside of the middle third of its base.

(ii) Those which, exclusive of foundation, show 33% or more of damage or deterioration of the supporting member or members or 50% of damage or deterioration of the nonsupporting enclosing or outside walls or covering.

(iii) Those which have improperly distributed loads upon the floors or roofs in which the same are overloaded or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably safe for the purpose used.

(iv) Those which have been damaged by fire, wind, or other causes, so as to have become dangerous to life, safety or the general health and welfare of the occupants or the people of this Town.

(v) Those which have become or are so dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary or which so utterly fail to provide the amenities essential to decent living that they are unfit for human habitation or are likely to cause sickness or disease, so as to work injury to the health, safety or general welfare of those living therein.

(vi) Those having light, air and sanitation facilities which are inadequate to protect the health, safety or general welfare of human beings who live or may live therein.

(vii) Those having inadequate facilities for egress in cases of fire or panic or those having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes or other means of communication.

(4) Enforcement Officer. The Code Enforcement Officer, or their agent(s), appointed by the Board.

(5) Town. The town of Constantia, New York.

(b) Criteria for declaration of unsafe buildings. For the purpose of this section, an unsafe and dangerous building is declared to be:

(1) Any building which is dangerous to the public health, safety and general welfare because of its condition and which may cause or aid in the spread of disease or injury to the health, safety or general welfare of the occupants of it or the neighboring buildings;

(2) Any building which, because of lack of proper repair, construction or supervision, constitutes or creates a fire hazard;

(3) Any building which because of its condition or because of a lack of proper windows or doors is available to and frequented by malefactors or disorderly persons; or

(4) Any building which is a danger to life and safety as a result of a fire or explosion.

(c) Inspection and report. Any enforcement officer shall inspect or cause to be inspected any building reported as being a dangerous building. The enforcement officer shall then make a written report of such inspection to the Board of their findings and recommendations as to the removal or repair of such building.

(d) Notice to repair or demolish.

(1) Whenever the Code Enforcement Officer finds any building or structure or portion thereof to be an unsafe building, as defined by this section, they shall serve written notice by certified mail, return receipt, or by personal service on the owner of said building or structure or on one of the owner's executors, legal representatives, agents, lessees or other person having a vested or contingent interest in the same, which said notice shall contain:

(i) A description of the premises.

(ii) A statement of the particulars in which said building is unsafe.

(iii) An order requiring the same to be made safe and secure by repair or otherwise or to be demolished and removed within 60 days and that said work shall be commenced within 15 days after service of notice.

(iv) Notice of the time and place for a hearing on the matter before the Board.

(v) A statement that, in the event that said building is determined by the Board to be unsafe, said building shall be made safe and secure by such repairs or other measures which may reasonably be necessary or shall be demolished and removed by the Town, and that all costs and expenses incurred by the Town shall be charged against the owner of said building or assessed against the land on which the building is located.

(2) A copy of said notice shall be filed in the Oswego County Clerk's office in accordance with applicable provisions of law.

(e) Hearing.

(1) Notice of hearing. Such notice shall further provide that, in case the owner and such persons having an interest in the property or structure as herein prescribed wish to contest the order, a hearing will be held before the Board at a time and place specified and that, in the event that such owner or persons having an interest shall fail to contest such order and fail to comply with the same, the Board will order the repair or removal of such building by the Town and that the Town will assess all costs and expenses incurred by the Town in the removal or repair of such building against the land on which such building is located.

(2) Hearing before the Board. At the time and date specified in the notice to repair or demolish, the Board shall conduct the public hearing. It may adjourn from time to time until the hearing is completed and until all interested parties are heard. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Board shall determine whether to revoke the order to repair or remove or to continue said order and direct the owner and other persons to complete the work within a specified time, which shall be reasonable as to the time needed to perform the work and the necessity to protect the general public.

(f) Failure to comply with order; assessment of costs. In the event that the owner and persons in interest shall fail to comply with the final order of the Board to make such building safe and secure or to be removed, the Board shall order such building to be made safe and secure or to be removed and shall assess all costs and expense, including the cost of actually removing such building or structure, against the land on which such building or structure is located.

(g) Continuation as dangerous building prohibited. Any owner or other persons having an interest in the building or in custody of real property located within the Town who allows or permits a building to continue as a dangerous building after due notice as provided in subsections 8(d) through 8(f) of this section shall be guilty of a violation of this section and shall be punished as provided in subsection 8(l) of this section.

(h) Trespassing prohibited; penalty. In addition to serving a notice on the owner as provided in subsections 8(d) through 8(f) above, the Board may, if it determines that the purposes of this section will be further effectuated, order that no person other than the owner or his agent shall enter upon the property and shall post on such property signs indicating "no trespassing." When such a determination is made, notice of such fact shall be included in the notice to the owner referred to in subsections 8(d) through 8(f) above. Anyone found trespassing in violation of this subsection shall be liable for a fine not to exceed \$50 for each offense.

(i) Emergency cases. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this chapter, in case there is an immediate danger to the life and safety of any person or property unless a dangerous building or structure is immediately repaired, vacated or demolished and the owner or other responsible person in charge fails to take immediate action or cannot be located with due diligence, the enforcement officer shall report such facts immediately to the Board, and the Board, if it confirms the findings of the enforcement officer, shall cause the immediate repair, vacation or demolition of such unsafe building. The costs of such emergency repair, vacation or demolition of such dangerous building shall be collected in the same manner as provided in subsections 8(d) through 8(f) or as hereinafter provided.

(j) Effect of transfer of title. The transfer of title by the owner of premises upon which a dangerous building is located shall be no defense to any proceedings under this section.

(k) Liability for costs. Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, the Board may, at its election, institute suit against the owner of said premises for the direct costs, together with a charge of 50% in addition thereto as compensation to the Town for administering, supervising and handling said work and enter judgment thereon against the owner personally for the aforesaid amount. The imposition and collection of any fine or penalty hereinafter prescribed shall not bar the right of the Town to collect the costs of the removal or repair of any dangerous building as herein prescribed.

(l) Penalties for offenses. Except as provided in subsection 8(h) above, any person found guilty of violating this section shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding \$250 or by imprisonment not exceeding 15 days, or both. Each week that such violation shall continue shall constitute a separate violation.

Section 1508. Operating Permits

(a) Operation Permits required. Operating Permits shall be required for conducting any process or activity or for operating any type of building, structure, or facility listed below:

(1) manufacturing, storing, or handling hazardous materials in quantities exceeding those listed in the applicable Maximum Allowable Quantity tables found in Chapter 50 of the FCNYS;

(2) buildings, structures, facilities, processes, and/or activities that are within the scope and/or permit requirements of the chapter or section title of the FCNYS as follows:

(i) Chapter 22, "Combustible Dust-Producing Operations." Facilities where the operation produces combustible dust;

(ii) Chapter 24, "Flammable Finishes." Operations utilizing flammable or combustible liquids, or the application of combustible powders regulated by Chapter 24 of the FCNYS;

(iii) Chapter 25, "Fruit and Crop Ripening." Operating a fruit- or crop-ripening facility or conducting a fruit-ripening process using ethylene gas;

(iv) Chapter 26, "Fumigation and Insecticidal Fogging." Conducting fumigation or insecticidal fogging operations in buildings, structures, and spaces, except for fumigation or insecticidal fogging performed by the occupant of a detached one-family dwelling;

(v) Chapter 31, "Tents, Temporary Special Event Structures, and Other Membrane Structures." Operating an air-supported temporary membrane structure, a temporary special event structure, or a tent where approval is required pursuant to Chapter 31 of the FCNYS;

(vi) Chapter 32, "High-Piled Combustible Storage." High-piled combustible storage facilities with more than 500 square feet (including aisles) of high-piled storage;

(vii) Chapter 34, "Tire Rebuilding and Tire Storage." Operating a facility that stores in excess of 2,500 cubic feet of scrap tires or tire byproducts or operating a tire rebuilding plant;

(viii) Chapter 35, "Welding and Other Hot Work." Performing public exhibitions and demonstrations where hot work is conducted, use of hot work, welding, or cutting equipment, inside or on a structure, except an operating permit is not required where work is conducted under the authorization of a building permit or where performed by the occupant of a detached one- or two-family dwelling;

(ix) Chapter 40, "Sugarhouse Alternative Activity Provisions." Conducting an alternative activity at a sugarhouse;

(x) Chapter 56, "Explosives and Fireworks." Possessing,

manufacturing, storing, handling, selling, or using, explosives, fireworks, or other pyrotechnic special effects materials except the outdoor use of sparkling devices as defined by Penal Law section 270;

(xi) Section 307, "Open Burning, Recreational Fires and Portable Outdoor Fireplaces." Conducting open burning, not including recreational fires and portable outdoor fireplaces;

(xii) Section 308, "Open Flames." Removing paint with a torch, or using open flames, fire, and burning in connection with assembly areas or educational occupancies; and

(xiii) Section 319, "Mobile Food Preparation Vehicles." Operating a mobile food preparation vehicle in accordance with the permitting requirements which are established by local law, as now in effect or as hereafter amended from time to time.

(3) energy storage systems, where the system exceeds the values shown in Table 1206.1 of the FCNYS or exceeds the permitted aggregate ratings in section R327.5 of the RCNYS.

(4) buildings containing one or more assembly areas;

(5) outdoor events where the planned attendance exceeds 1,000 persons;

(6) facilities that store, handle or use hazardous production materials;

(7) parking garages as defined in subdivision (a) of section 1511 of this local law;

(8) buildings whose use or occupancy classification may pose a substantial potential hazard to public safety, as determined by resolution adopted by Town Board of this Town; and

(9) other processes or activities or for operating any type of building, structure, or facility as determined by resolution adopted by the Town Board of this Town.

Any person who proposes to undertake any activity or to operate any type of building listed in this subdivision (a) shall be required to obtain an Operating Permit prior to commencing such activity or operation.

(b) Applications for Operating Permits. An application for an Operating Permit shall be in writing on a form provided by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer. Such application shall include such information as the Code Enforcement Officer deems sufficient to permit a determination by the Code Enforcement Officer that quantities, materials, and activities conform to the requirements of the Uniform Code. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that tests or reports are necessary to verify conformance, such tests or reports shall be performed or provided by such person or persons as may be designated by or otherwise acceptable to the Code Enforcement Officer, at the expense of the applicant.

(c) Inspections. The Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer shall inspect the subject premises prior to the issuance of an Operating Permit. Such inspections shall be performed either in-person or remotely. Remote inspections in lieu of in-person inspections may be performed when, at the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized by the Code Enforcement Officer that the premises conform with the applicable requirements of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program. Should a remote inspection not afford the Town sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed. After inspection, the premises shall be noted as satisfactory and the operating permit shall be issued, or the operating permit holder shall be notified as to the manner in which the premises fail to comply with either or both of the Uniform Code and the code enforcement program, including a citation to the specific provision or provisions that have not been met.

(d) Multiple Activities. In any circumstance in which more than one activity listed in subdivision (a) of this section is to be conducted at a location, the Code Enforcement Officer may require a separate Operating Permit for each such activity, or the Code Enforcement Officer may, in their discretion, issue a single Operating Permit to apply to all such activities.

(e) Duration of Operating Permits. Operating permits shall be issued for a specified period of time consistent with local conditions, but in no event to exceed as follows:

(1) One hundred eighty (180) days for tents, special event structures, and other membrane structures;

(2) Sixty (60) days for alternative activities at a sugarhouse;

(3) Three (3) years for the activities, structures, and operations determined per paragraph (9) of subdivision (a) of this section, and

(4) One (1) year for all other activities, structures, and operations identified in subdivision (a) of this section.

The effective period of each Operating Permit shall be specified in the Operating Permit. An Operating Permit may be reissued or renewed upon application to the Code Enforcement Officer, payment of the applicable fee, and approval of such application by the Code Enforcement Officer.

(f) Revocation or suspension of Operating Permits. If the Code Enforcement Officer determines that any activity or building for which an Operating Permit was issued does not comply with any applicable provision of the Uniform Code, such Operating Permit shall be revoked or suspended.

(g) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 1516 (Fees) of this local law must be paid at the time submission of an application for an Operating Permit, for an amended Operating Permit, or for reissue or renewal of an Operating Permit.

Section 1509. Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspections

(a) Inspections required. Fire safety and property maintenance inspections of buildings and structures shall be performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector designated by the Code Enforcement Officer at the following intervals:

(1) at least once every twelve (12) months for buildings which contain an assembly area;

(2) at least once every twelve (12) months for public and private schools and colleges, including any buildings of such schools or colleges containing classrooms, dormitories, fraternities, sororities, laboratories, physical education, dining, or recreational facilities; and

(3) at least once every thirty-six (36) months for multiple dwellings and all nonresidential occupancies.

(b) Remote inspections. At the discretion of the Code Enforcement Officer or Inspector authorized to perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections, a remote inspection may be performed in lieu of in-person inspections when, in the opinion of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector, the remote inspection can be performed to the same level and quality as an in-person inspection and the remote inspection shows to the satisfaction of the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector that the premises conform with the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1225 and the publications incorporated therein by reference and the applicable provisions of 19 NYCRR Part 1226 and the publications incorporated therein by reference. Should a remote inspection not afford the Code Enforcement Officer or such authorized Inspector sufficient information to make a determination, an in-person inspection shall be performed.

(c) Inspections permitted. In addition to the inspections required by subdivision (a) of this section, a fire safety and property maintenance inspection of any building, structure, use, or occupancy, or of any dwelling unit, may also be performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or an Inspector authorized to perform fire safety and property maintenance inspections at any time upon:

(1) the request of the owner of the property to be inspected or an authorized agent of such owner;

(2) receipt by the Code Enforcement Officer of a written statement alleging that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist; or

(3) receipt by the Code Enforcement Officer of any other information, reasonably believed by the Code Enforcement Officer to be reliable, giving rise to reasonable cause to believe that conditions or activities failing to comply with the Uniform Code or Energy Code exist; provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting an inspection under any circumstances under which a court order or warrant permitting such inspection is required, unless such court order or warrant shall have been obtained.

(d) OFPC Inspections. Nothing in this section or in any other provision of this local law shall supersede, limit, or impair the powers, duties and responsibilities of the New York State Office of Fire Prevention and Control (“OFPC”) and the New York State Fire Administrator or other authorized entity under Executive Law section 156-e and Education Law section 807-b. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, the Code Enforcement Officer may accept an inspection performed by the Office of Fire Prevention and Control or other authorized entity pursuant to sections 807-a and 807-b of the Education Law and/or section 156-e of the Executive Law, in lieu of a fire safety and property maintenance inspection performed by the Code Enforcement Officer or by an Inspector, provided that:

(1) the Code Enforcement Officer is satisfied that the individual performing such inspection satisfies the requirements set forth in 19 NYCRR section 1203.2(e);

(2) the Code Enforcement Officer is satisfied that such inspection covers all elements required to be covered by a fire safety and property maintenance inspection;

(3) such inspections are performed no less frequently than once a year;

(4) a true and complete copy of the report of each such inspection is provided to the Code Enforcement Officer; and

(5) upon receipt of each such report, the Code Enforcement Officer takes the appropriate action prescribed by section 1515 (Violations) of this local law.

(e) Fee. The fee specified in or determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 1516 (Fees) of this local law must be paid prior to or at the time each inspection performed pursuant to this section. This subdivision shall not apply to inspections performed by OFPC.

Section 1510. Complaints

The Code Enforcement Officer shall review and investigate complaints which allege or assert the existence of conditions or activities that fail to comply with the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any other local law, ordinance or regulation adopted for administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code or the Energy Code. The process for responding to a complaint shall include such of the following steps as the Code Enforcement Officer may deem to be appropriate:

(a) performing an inspection of the conditions and/or activities alleged to be in violation, and documenting the results of such inspection;

(b) if a violation is found to exist, providing the owner of the affected property and any other Person who may be responsible for the violation with notice of the violation and opportunity to abate, correct or cure the violation, or otherwise proceeding in the manner described in section 1515 (Violations) of this local law;

(c) if appropriate, issuing a Stop Work Order;

(d) if a violation which was found to exist is abated or corrected, performing an inspection to ensure that the violation has been abated or corrected, preparing a final written report reflecting such abatement or correction, and filing such report with the complaint.

Section 1511. Condition Assessments of Parking Garages

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:

(1) the term “condition assessment” means an on-site inspection and evaluation of a parking garage for evidence of deterioration of any structural element or building component of such parking garage, evidence of the existence of any unsafe condition in such parking garage, and evidence indicating that such parking garage is an unsafe structure;

(2) the term “deterioration” means the weakening, disintegration, corrosion, rust, or decay of any structural element or building component, or any other loss of effectiveness of a structural element or building component;

(3) the term “parking garage” means any building or structure, or part thereof, in which all or any part of any structural level or levels is used for parking or storage of motor vehicles, excluding:

(i) buildings in which the only level used for parking or storage of motor vehicles is on grade;

(ii) an attached or accessory structure providing parking exclusively for a detached one- or two-family dwelling; and

(iii) a townhouse unit with attached parking exclusively for such unit;

(4) the term “professional engineer” means an individual who is licensed or otherwise authorized under Article 145 of the Education Law to practice the profession of engineering in the State of New York and who has at least three years of experience performing structural evaluations;

(5) the term “responsible professional engineer” means the professional engineer who performs a condition assessment, or under whose supervision a condition assessment is performed, and who seals and signs the condition assessment report. The use of the term “responsible professional engineer” shall not be construed as limiting the professional responsibility or liability of any professional engineer, or of any other licensed professional, who participates in the preparation of a condition assessment without being the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment;

(6) the term “unsafe condition” includes the conditions identified as “unsafe” in section 304.1.1, section 305.1.1, and section 306.1.1 of the PMCNYS; and

(7) the term “unsafe structure” means a structure that is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, or structurally unsafe, or is of such faulty construction or unstable foundation, that partial or complete collapse is possible.

(b) Condition Assessments – general requirements. The owner operator of each parking garage shall cause such parking garage to undergo an initial condition assessment as described in subdivision (c) of this section, periodic condition assessments as described in subdivision (d) of this section, and such additional condition assessments as may be required under subdivision (e) of this section. Each condition assessment shall be conducted by or under the direct supervision of a professional engineer. A written report of each condition assessment shall be prepared, and provided to the Town, in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (f) of this section. Before performing a condition assessment (other than the initial condition assessment) of a parking garage, the responsible professional engineer for such condition assessment shall review all available previous condition assessment reports for such parking garage.

(c) Initial Condition Assessment. Each parking garage shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(1) Parking garages constructed on or after August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment following construction and prior to a certificate of occupancy or certificate of compliance being issued for the structure.

(2) Parking garages constructed prior to August 29, 2018, shall undergo an initial condition assessment as follows:

(i) if originally constructed prior to January 1, 1984, then prior to October 1, 2019;

(ii) if originally constructed between January 1, 1984 and December 31, 2002, then prior to October 1, 2020; and

(iii) if originally constructed between January 1, 2003 and August 28, 2018, then prior to October 1, 2021.

(3) Any parking garage constructed prior to the effective date of the local law enacting this provision that has not undergone an initial condition assessment prior to that effective date shall undergo an initial condition assessment prior to June 30, 2023.

(d) Periodic Condition Assessments. Following the initial condition assessment of a parking garage, such parking garage shall undergo periodic condition assessments at intervals not to exceed three (3) years.

(e) Additional Condition Assessments:

(1) If the latest condition assessment report for a parking garage includes a recommendation by the responsible professional engineer that an additional condition assessment of such parking garage, or any portion of such parking garage, be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (d) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of such parking garage identified by the responsible professional engineer) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date recommended in such condition assessment report.

(2) If the Town becomes aware of any new or increased deterioration which, in the judgment of the Town, indicates that an additional condition assessment of the entire parking garage, or of the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration, should be performed before the date by which the next periodic condition assessment would be required under subdivision (d) of this section, the owner or operator of such parking garage shall cause such parking garage (or, if applicable, the portion of the parking garage affected by such new or increased deterioration) to undergo an additional condition assessment no later than the date determined by the Town to be appropriate.

(f) Condition Assessment Reports. The responsible professional engineer shall prepare, or directly supervise the preparation of, a written report of each condition assessment, and shall submit such condition assessment report to the Town within sixty (60) days. Such condition assessment report shall be sealed and signed by the responsible professional engineer, and shall include:

- (1) an evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that could result in an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;
- (2) an evaluation and description of the extent of deterioration and conditions that cause deterioration that, in the opinion of the responsible professional engineer, should be remedied immediately to prevent an unsafe condition or unsafe structure;
- (3) an evaluation and description of the unsafe conditions;
- (4) an evaluation and description of the problems associated with the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;
- (5) an evaluation and description of the corrective options available, including the recommended timeframe for remedying the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;
- (6) an evaluation and description of the risks associated with not addressing the deterioration, conditions that cause deterioration, and unsafe conditions;
- (7) the responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding preventative maintenance;
- (8) except in the case of the report of the initial condition assessment, the responsible professional engineer's attestation that he or she reviewed all previously prepared condition assessment reports available for such parking garage, and considered the information in the previously prepared reports while performing the current condition assessment and while preparing the current report; and
- (9) the responsible professional engineer's recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed. In making the recommendation regarding the time within which the next condition assessment of the parking garage or portion thereof should be performed, the responsible professional engineer shall consider the parking garage's age, maintenance history, structural condition, construction materials, frequency and intensity of use, location, exposure to the elements, and any other factors deemed relevant by the responsible professional engineer in their professional judgment.

(g) **Review Condition Assessment Reports.** The Town shall take such enforcement action or actions in response to the information in such condition assessment report as may be necessary or appropriate to protect the public from the hazards that may result from the conditions described in such report. In particular, but not by way of limitation, the Town shall, by Order to Remedy or such other means of enforcement as Town may deem appropriate, require the owner or operator of the parking garage to repair or otherwise remedy all deterioration, all conditions that cause deterioration, and all unsafe conditions identified in such condition assessment report pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (f). All repairs and remedies shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Uniform Code. This section shall not limit or impair the right of the Town to take any other enforcement action, including but not limited to suspension or revocation of a parking garage's operating permit, as may be necessary or appropriate in response to the information in a condition assessment report.

(h) The Town shall retain all condition assessment reports for the life of the parking garage. Upon request by a professional engineer who has been engaged to perform a condition assessment of a parking garage, and who provides the Town with a written statement attesting to the fact that he or she has been so engaged, the Town shall make the previously prepared condition assessment reports for such parking garage (or copies of such reports) available to such professional engineer. The Town shall be permitted to require the owner or operator of the subject parking garage to pay all costs and expenses associated with making such previously prepared condition assessment reports (or copies thereof) available to the professional engineer.

(i) This section shall not limit or impair the right or the obligation of the Town:

- (1) to perform such construction inspections as are required by section 1503 (Construction Inspections) of this local law;
- (2) to perform such periodic fire safety and property maintenance inspections as are required by section 1509 (Fire Safety and Property Maintenance Inspections) of this local law; and/or
- (3) to take such enforcement action or actions as may be necessary or appropriate to respond to any condition that comes to the attention of the Town by means of its own inspections or observations, by means of a complaint, or by any other means other than a condition assessment or a report of a condition assessment.

Section 1512. Climatic and Geographic Design Criteria

(a) The Code Enforcement Officer shall determine the climatic and geographic design criteria for buildings and structures constructed within this Town as required by the Uniform Code. Such determinations shall be made in the manner specified in the Uniform Code using, where applicable, the maps, charts, and other information provided in the Uniform Code. The criteria to be so determined shall include but shall not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- (1) design criteria to include ground snow load; wind design loads; seismic category; potential damage from weathering, frost, and termite; winter design temperature; whether ice barrier underlayment is required; the air freezing index; and the mean annual temperature;
- (2) heating and cooling equipment design criteria for structures within the scope of the RCNYS. The design criteria shall include the data identified in the Design Criteria Table found in Chapter 3 of the RCNYS; and
- (3) flood hazard areas, flood hazard maps, and supporting data. The flood hazard map shall include, at a minimum, special flood hazard areas as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in the Flood Insurance Study for the community, as amended or revised with:
 - (i) the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM);
 - (ii) Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM); and
 - (iii) related supporting data along with any revisions thereto.

(b) The Code Enforcement Officer shall prepare a written record of the climatic and geographic design criteria determined pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, shall maintain such record within the office of the Code Enforcement Officer, and shall make such record readily available to the public.

Section 1513. Record Keeping

(a) The Code Enforcement Officer shall keep permanent official records of all transactions and activities conducted by all Code Enforcement Personnel, including records of:

- (1) all applications received, reviewed and approved or denied;
- (2) all plans, specifications and construction documents approved;
- (3) all Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates, Stop Work Orders, and Operating Permits issued;
- (4) all inspections and tests performed;
- (5) all statements and reports issued;
- (6) all complaints received;
- (7) all investigations conducted;
- (8) all condition assessment reports received;
- (9) all fees charged and collected; and
- (10) all other features and activities specified in or contemplated by sections 1502 through 1512, inclusive, of this local law.

(b) All such records shall be public records open for public inspection during normal business hours. All plans and records pertaining to buildings or structures, or appurtenances thereto, shall be retained for at least the minimum time period so required by State law and regulation.

Section 1514. Program Review and Reporting

(a) The Code Enforcement Officer shall annually submit to the Town Board of this Town a written report and summary of all business conducted by the Code Enforcement Officer and the Inspectors, including a report and summary of all transactions and activities described in section 1513 (Record Keeping) of this local law and a report and summary of all appeals or litigation pending or concluded.

(b) The Code Enforcement Officer shall annually submit to the Secretary of State, on behalf of this Town, on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, a report of the activities of this Town relative to administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code.

(c) The Code Enforcement Officer shall, upon request of the New York State Department of State, provide to the New York State Department of State, true and complete copies of the records and related materials this Town is required to maintain; true and complete copies of such portion of such records and related materials as may be requested by the Department of State; and/or such excerpts, summaries, tabulations, statistics, and other information and accounts of its activities in connection with administration and enforcement of the Uniform Code and/or Energy Code as may be requested by the Department of State.

Section 1515. Violations

(a) Orders to Remedy. The Code Enforcement Officer is authorized to order in writing the remedying of any condition or activity found to exist in, on or about any building, structure, or premises in violation of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law. An Order to Remedy shall be in writing; shall be dated and signed by the Code Enforcement Officer; shall specify the condition or activity that violates the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law; shall specify the provision or provisions of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, or this local law which is/are violated by the specified condition or activity; and shall include a statement substantially similar to the following:

“The person or entity served with this Order to Remedy must completely remedy each violation described in this Order to Remedy by [specify date], which is thirty (30) days after the date of this Order to Remedy.”

The Order to Remedy may include provisions ordering the person or entity served with such Order to Remedy (1) to begin to remedy the violations described in the Order to Remedy immediately, or within some other specified period of time which may be less than thirty (30) days; to continue diligently to remedy such violations until each such violation is fully remedied; and, in any event, to complete the remedying of all such violations within thirty (30) days of the date of such Order to Remedy; and/or (2) to take such other protective actions (such as vacating the building or barricading the area where the violations exist) which are authorized by this local law or by any other applicable statute, regulation, rule, local law or ordinance, and which the Code Enforcement Officer may deem appropriate, during the period while such violations are being remedied. The Code Enforcement Officer shall cause the Order to Remedy, or a copy thereof, to be served on the owner of the affected property personally or certified mail within five (5) days after the date of the Order to Remedy. The Code Enforcement Officer shall be permitted, but not required, to cause the Order to Remedy, or a copy thereof, to be served on any builder, architect, tenant, contractor, subcontractor, construction superintendent, or their agents, or any other person taking part or assisting in work being performed at the affected property personally or by certified mail within five (5) days after the date of the Order to Remedy; provided, however, that failure to serve any Person mentioned in this sentence shall not affect the efficacy of the Compliance Order.

(b) Appearance Tickets. The Code Enforcement Officer and each Inspector are authorized to issue appearance tickets for any violation of the Uniform Code.

(c) Penalties. In addition to such other penalties as may be prescribed by State law:

(1) any Person who violates any provision of this local law or any term, condition, or provision of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit or other notice or order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this local law, shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$200 per day of violation or imprisonment for a period not to exceed six months, or both fine and imprisonment; and

(2) any Person who violates any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law, or any term or condition of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit or other notice or order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this local law, shall be liable to pay a civil penalty of not more than \$200 for each day or part thereof during which such violation continues. The civil penalties provided by this paragraph shall be recoverable in an action instituted in the name of this Town.

(d) Injunctive Relief. An action or proceeding may be instituted in the name of this Town, in a court of competent jurisdiction, to prevent, restrain, enjoin, correct, or abate any violation of, or to enforce, any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any term or condition of any Building Permit, Certificate of Occupancy, Certificate of Compliance, Temporary Certificate, Stop Work Order, Operating Permit, Order to Remedy, or other notice or order issued by the Code Enforcement Officer pursuant to any provision of this local law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, where the construction or use of a building or structure is in violation of any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, this local law, or any Stop Work Order, Order to Remedy or other order obtained under the Uniform Code, the Energy Code or this local law, an action or proceeding may be commenced in the name of this Town, in the Supreme Court or in any other court having the requisite jurisdiction, to obtain an order directing the removal of the building or structure or an abatement of the condition in violation of such provisions. No action or proceeding described in this subdivision shall be commenced without the appropriate authorization from the Town Board of this Town.

(e) Remedies Not Exclusive. No remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be the exclusive remedy or remedy available to address any violation described in this section, and each remedy or penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the other remedies or penalties specified in this section, in section 1504 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. Any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any other remedy or penalty specified in this section, in section 1504 (Stop Work Orders) of this local law, in any other section of this local law, or in any other applicable law. In particular, but not by way of limitation, each remedy and penalty specified in this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for or limitation of, the penalties specified in subdivision (2) of section 382 of the Executive Law, and any remedy or penalty specified in this section may be pursued at any time, whether prior to, simultaneously with, or after the pursuit of any penalty specified in subdivision (2) of section 382 of the Executive Law.

Section 1516. Fees

A fee schedule shall be established by resolution of the Town Board of this Town. Such fee schedule may thereafter be amended from time to time by like resolution. The fees set forth in, or determined in accordance with, such fee schedule or amended fee schedule shall be charged and collected for the submission of applications, the issuance of Building Permits, amended Building Permits, renewed Building Permits, Certificates of Occupancy, Certificates of Compliance, Temporary Certificates, Operating Permits, fire safety and property maintenance inspections, and other actions of the Code Enforcement Officer described in or contemplated by this local law.

Section 1517. Interpretation

In interpreting and applying the provisions of this local law, the acting board shall be held to be the minimum requirements necessary for the promotion of the public health, safety and general welfare.

Section 1518. Planning Board

(a) The Town of Constantia Planning Board shall be responsible for implementing the provisions of this local law related to site plan review and subdivision review. No subdivision or site plan shall be approved unless it is in compliance with the requirements of this law.

(b) During the course of site plan review, the Planning Board may waive, subject to their judgment and appropriate conditions, the provisions of any and all site plan review standards that are not requisite in the interest of public health, safety and general welfare or that could cause hardship to the applicant.

(c) The Planning Board shall have the following powers and duties with respect to this local law:

(1) Approval of site plans.

(2) Approval of the issuance of temporary permits by the Code Enforcement Officer.

Section 1519. Board of Appeals

(a) Creation, appointment and organization. A Board of Appeals is hereby created and its chairman designated. Said Board shall consist of five members. The Board shall appoint a secretary and shall prescribe rules for the conduct of its affairs. Members of the Board shall be appointed for the term of five years from and after the expiration of the terms of their predecessors in office. If a vacancy shall occur otherwise than by expiration of term, it shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term. Any member of the Board may be removed for cause and after public hearing.

(b) Meetings. All meetings of the Board of Appeals shall be held at the call of the chairman and at such other times as such Board may determine. Such chairman, or in his absence, the acting chairman, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings of such Board shall be open to the public. Such Board shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon every question, or if absent or failing to vote indicating such fact, and shall also keep records of its examination and other official actions. Every decision or determination of the Board shall be filed in the office of the Town Clerk within five business days and shall be a public record.

(c) Powers and Duties. The Board of Appeals shall have all the powers and duties prescribed by law and by this law, which are more particularly specified as follows:

(1) Interpretation. Upon appeal from a decision by the Enforcement Officer, to decide any question involving the interpretation of any provision of this law.

(2) Use and Area Variances. Upon appeal from a decision by the Enforcement Officer, or upon referral by the planning board, to vary the strict application of any of the requirements of this local law, taking into consideration the benefit to the applicant if the variance is granted, as weighed against the detriment to the health, safety and welfare of the neighborhood or community by such grant. The Board of Appeals shall also consider:

(i) Whether an undesirable change will be produced in the character of the neighborhood or a detriment to nearby properties will be created by the granting of the area variance.

(ii) Whether the benefit sought by the applicant can be achieved by some method, feasible for the applicant to pursue, other than an area variance.

(iii) Whether the requested area variance is substantial.

(iv) Whether the proposed variance will have an adverse effect or impact on the physical or environmental conditions in the neighborhood or district.

(v) Whether the alleged difficulty was self-created, which consideration shall be relevant to the decision of the Board of Appeals, but shall not necessarily preclude the granting of the area variance.

The Board of Appeals, in the granting of use and area variances, shall grant the minimum variance that it shall deem necessary and adequate and at the same time preserve and protect the character of the neighborhood and the health, safety and welfare of the community. The Board of Appeals shall have the authority to impose such reasonable conditions and restrictions on any variance granted as are necessary to minimize any adverse impact such variance may have on the neighborhood or community.

(d) Procedure for Appeal from Land Development Regulation:

(1) The Board of Appeals shall act in strict accordance with the procedure specified by the Town law and by this law. All appeals to the Board shall be in writing, on forms prescribed by the Board. Every appeal shall refer to the specific provision of the law involved, and shall exactly set forth the interpretation that is claimed, or the details of the variance that is applied for and the grounds on which it is claimed that the variance should be granted, as the case may be.

(2) Time of Appeal. An appeal to the board shall be taken within sixty days after the filing of the order, requirement, decision, interpretation or determination being appealed.

(3) Stay Upon Appeal. An appeal will halt any further action by any administrative officials, unless an official can show just cause because of imminent peril to life or property, in which case proceedings are not halted unless a restraining order is granted by the Board of Appeals or by a court of record on the application. At that time, the administrative official from whom the appeal was taken shall be notified and due cause shown.

(4) Hearing on Appeal. The Board of Appeals shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing and give public notice by publishing a notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the town at least five days prior to the date of the hearing and shall notify the applicant.

(5) Time of the Decision. The Board of Appeals shall decide upon the appeal within 62 days after the hearing. The time within which the Board of Appeals must render its decision may be extended by mutual consent of the applicant and the Board.

(6) Filing of the Decision. Every decision of the Board of Appeals shall be by resolution, each of which shall contain a full record of the findings of the Board in the particular case including a record of the vote of each member. The decision of the Board of Appeals on the appeal shall be filed in the office of the Town Clerk within five business days after the day that the decision is rendered. A copy of the decision shall be mailed to the applicant.

Section 1520. Intermunicipal Agreements

The Town Board of this Town may, by resolution, authorize the Supervisor of this Town to enter into an agreement, in the name of this Town, with other governments to carry out the terms of this local law, provided that such agreement does not violate any provision of the Uniform Code, the Energy Code, Part 1203 of Title 19 of the NYCRR, or any other applicable law.”

SECTION 4. PARTIAL INVALIDITY/SEVERABILITY

If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section, article or part of this Local Law shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operations to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section, article, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Local Law shall take effect immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State in accordance with section 27 of the Municipal Home Rule Law.”

The question of the adoption of the foregoing resolution was duly put to a vote and upon roll call, the vote was as follows:

Tom Moran	Councilor	Absent	
John Metzger	Councilor	Voted	Yes
Richard Colesante	Councilor	Voted	Yes
Ron Chapman	Councilor	Voted	Yes
Frank Tomaino	Supervisor	Voted	Yes

The foregoing resolution was thereupon declared duly adopted.

DATED: December 20, 2022

BOARD INITIATIVES AND COMMENT:

Audit for 2021 has been completed by Mr. Chapman and Mr. Metzger for both town clerk and tax collector.

Organizational meeting will be January 3, 2023 at 6pm.

Mill Street Project: Mr. Colesante has the permit that will need to be filled out and returned to the State, Mr. Woolridge will need to be part of the process. The permit needs rough ideas and estimates, this should be completed in the next couple of weeks. Mr. Woolridge will be reusing the existing foundation as it is still in good shape, the majority of the work will be to clean up what is there, remove the tree and debris. Mr. Woolridge would like to use preformed blocks or concrete. Mr. Tomaino would like to see some parking spots, Mr. Woolridge responded that it will take quite a bit of work but agrees the project should be done correctly. Then once the permit is received back from the State Mr. Bardoun will be able to survey the property.

ADJOURN:

At 8:24 pm Mr. Chapman made the motion to adjourn, seconded by Mr. Colesante.

Carried: Moran – Absent Chapman – Yes Colesante – Yes Metzger – Yes Tomaino – Yes